

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President.
GROVER CLEVELAND, of New York.
For Vice-President.
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS, of Indiana.

For Governor.
HUGH S. THOMPSON.
For Lieutenant-Governor.
JOHN C. SHEPPARD.
For Secretary of State.
JAMES N. LIPSCOMB.
For Attorney-General.
CHARLES RICHARDSON MILLS.

For State Treasurer.
JOHN PETER RICHARDSON.
For Comptroller-General.
WILLIAM E. STONEY.

For Superintendent of Education.
ASBURY COWARD.
For Adjutant and Inspector General.
ARTHUR M. MANIGAUZ.

For Congress—Fourth District.
WILLIAM H. PERRY.
For State Senator.
THOMAS W. WOODWARD.

For Representatives.
CHARLES A. DOUGLASS,
THOMAS S. BRICE,
SHERIDAN R. RUTLAND.

For Clerk of Court.
W. H. KERR.
For Sheriff.
JOHN D. MCCARLEY.

For Probate Judge.
J. R. BOYLES.
For County Commissioner.
JOHN BOYD.

For County Commissioners.
DIXON G. HERON,
JAMES H. ROBERTSON,
JAMES L. RICHMOND.

For Coroner.
GEORGE S. HINNANT.

MR. JOHN P. THOMAS, Jr., has resigned his position of private secretary to Governor Thompson. He expects to resume the practice of law.

The *Detroit Times* says "that Blaine is unfortunate in having a name that rhymes with stain, slain, Cain, pain and several other very disagreeable words."

MANY of Blaine's friends think that he committed a blunder when he commenced his libel suit against the *Indianapolis Sentinel*. When the suit terminates Mr. Blaine will probably think so too.

AUGUSTA Chronicle: Samuel J. Randall will be Cleveland's Secretary of the Treasury. He will make such a record there that he will be, in 1888, nominated for the Presidency, as the biggest and greatest man in the Democratic party.

DURING the election in Maine the women worked hard at the polls for the probate amendment. Just before Mr. Blaine came to vote they managed to get the women out of the way, so that he could dodge the prohibition vote and not run the gauntlet of the female importuners.

ROSCOE CONKLING has positively refused to take any part in the Blaine canvass in New York State, and he was wise in so doing. It is said that he was offered a United States Senatorship for services, but he was too proud to accept it at the hands of his hated rival: Blaine and his party must go!

CARL SCHURZ spoke in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Saturday night, to 16,000 people. He spoke in German. Tuesday night he spoke in English, under the auspices of the American Independent Republican Club. The meeting was presided over by Mr. John P. McGrogan, one of the most prominent Republicans in that State, who belittled Blaine and now supports Cleveland.

TAMMANY HALL has now firmly declared for Cleveland and Hendricks, and there is now but little doubt that the bulk of its members will earnestly and heartily support the Democratic ticket. Certainly, the evidence seems to bear out in the prediction that New York will be carried by the Democrats. John Kelly will have to fall in line or be burned beneath the flood-tide of public enmity.

The New York *Herald* says of Secretary Folger's death: "By the death of Secretary Folger the country loses an upright and capable officer, who has served the public in many positions and always with probity and skill. At a time when it is a common scandal that office is sought only for personal advantage and the opportunity to profit by a corrupt and collusive performance of official duties, the loss of a man whose honor and high character had protected him from such degradations is a public calamity."

The *News and Courier* says: "The Richmond Democracy present to the people of the county this year a remarkably strong legislative ticket. Youmans, Haskell and McMaster are able debaters, and will be of much service in the discussion of legal and industrial questions. Too much pains cannot be taken to elect members of the Legislature who can talk well, in addition to being sound thinkers, so that a meritorious proposition shall not be injured by the failure to put it in its most attractive shape before the Legislature."

A BELFAST, Maine, correspondent of the *Springfield Republican* (Ind.) says Blaine expected to carry his State by a majority of from 30,000 to 35,000, and further adds that the Democrats made three mistakes: "4. In giving up the State at the start; one in not using money for legitimate purposes, and the third in not making provision to detect and punish Republican bribery, for there is plenty of it on foot

without doubt, and it could easily be exposed if the Democrats only understood the nature of a contest for honest government."

A LEADING New York journal says of Mrs. Lockwood's candidacy for the Presidency: "Marietta Stow and Eliza C. Webb, assembled in convention, have nominated Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood as a candidate for the Presidency, and she has promptly come out with a letter of acceptance, which we print elsewhere. Mrs. Victoria C. Woodhull once ran for the Presidency, but never got the office, perhaps because of some outrageous frauds in the count. But Mrs. Lockwood may be more fortunate. She is opposed to nearly everything that is bad and favors some few things that are good, and substantially appeals to the Butler constituency. She is handsomer than Butler, so that if that vote is to win we hope Mrs. Lockwood may get it."

In reply to an inquiry of the editor of the *Boston Globe* as to whether her letter in reply to an invitation of the Columbus, Ohio, Republican committee addressed to her dead husband inviting him to go to Ohio and take part in the campaign was authentic, Mrs. Morrill, widow of the deceased Senator Morrill, of Maine, replied as follows:

"In reply to your inquiry as to the correctness of the report of my letter, as published in the *New York Herald*, I will simply say that it is correct in every respect. The knowledge of Mr. Blaine's wicked and vicious life, and his treachery to those now dead, two pure and honest statesmen like Pitt Fessenden and Mr. Morrill, prompted me to make the reply I did."

(Signed) CHARLOTTE H. MORRILL.

THE Abbeville *Medium* suggests that the time of holding the sessions of the Legislature be changed so that the body may meet after instead of before the Christmas holidays. This would be a change for the better. There is no doubt that there has sometimes been undue haste on the part of our lawmakers to get home before Christmas. This desire is natural enough. Most people like to eat their Christmas dinner at home, and it is not expected that legislators should form exceptions. Besides, most people need to be at home during the last week of the year, to close up old business and get ready for new.

The very fact that work must be finished before a day certain, is calculated to induce a haste which will conduce neither to thoroughness nor to actual expedition. Let the Legislature meet about the middle of January, and remain in session as long as the public interests demand. If any fear be entertained of too long a session, a wholesome reform might be found in giving the members a fixed salary—say \$200 or \$250—and no mileage or other perquisites. The change of the time of meeting would require an amendment of the Constitution, and this cannot be made until after the next general election in 1886, and it could have no force till ratified by the Legislature. Rather than wait so long for so desirable a change, it might be better for the General Assembly meantime to meet on the fourth Tuesday in November, or organize, and at once adjourn sine die.

Then let the Governor call a special session to meet in January—this process to be repeated until the Constitution shall have been duly amended to meet the difficulty.

A Woman for President.

Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, of Washington, D. C., has accepted a nomination for the Presidency tendered her by the "Woman's National Equal Rights Party." This female aspirant has written quite a spicy letter of acceptance. She is opposed to free trade, favors "protection of American industries," sympathizes with the soldiers and the soldiers' widows, (the latter particularly), suggests the abolition of the pension office, and wants three commissioners appointed for this purpose, and in fine favors a great many other changes and reforms (?) too numerous to mention. Mrs. Lockwood continues says:

I am opposed to monopoly in the sense of the men of the country monopolizing all of the votes and all of the offices and at the same time insisting upon having the distribution of all of the money, both public and private. It is this sort of monopoly that has made possible large branches of trust with Government officials, caused bank suspensions and an epidemic of defalcations over the country. It has engendered and fostered strikes. I am opposed to the wholesale monopoly of the judiciary of the country by incumbent judges. If elected I shall feel it incumbent on me to appoint a reasonable number of women as district attorneys, marshals and judges of the United States Courts, and would appoint some competent woman to any vacancy that might occur on the United States Supreme Bench. I am in full sympathy with the temperance advocates of the country, especially the W. C. T. U. But I believe that woman suffrage will have a greater tendency to abolish the liquor traffic than prohibition will to bring about woman suffrage. If the former is adopted the latter will be the probable sequence. If elected I shall recommend in my inaugural speech a uniform system of laws as far as practicable for all of the States, and especially for marriage, divorce and the limitation of contracts, and such regulation of the laws of descent and distribution of estates as will make the wife equal with the husband in authority and right and an equal partner in their common business.

This new aspirant for Presidential honors promises to inaugurate a great many needed reforms, and it is very evident that when she is elected especial attention will be given the lamentable condition of the ladies in the world of politics. The women should rally around her standard and see that their husbands give Mrs. Lockwood a complimentary vote on the 4th day of next November. We would enjoy the novelty of some of her proposed changes at least for a little season. To have courts presided over by learned judges of the female persuasion, and to have from that sex astute district attorneys to prosecute Democrats in the United States Courts, would be novelties not heretofore looked for

The contest will doubtless narrow down to Butler and Lockwood. "Choose ye, which you will serve."

The Maine Election.

Walker Blaine, the son of the Republican nominee for the Presidency, has sent the following dispatch to General Logan about the recent elections in Maine:

Returns from remote sections of the State increase the majority beyond all expectations. In 358 towns the Republican majority over Redman exceeds 18,000, and the prospect is that with complete returns the majority may reach 19,000 and possibly be the largest ever given in the history of the Republican party in Maine, with two exceptions at the close of the war. The latest returns show that the Republicans have carried every county in the State and have elected every member of the State Senate. The magnitude of the Republican vote is a surprise to both parties and shows that a large number of Democrats joined our ranks.

This is the braggadocio and blinf that all good people expected from the Republican ranks, and of course it amounts to nothing more than the natural and necessary expenditure of the gas energies of the leaders of the party in power. That the Republican party has made slight gains in that State over the election of 1882 is true, and in view of the fact that the Republican nominee is from that State, should be preparation enough for intelligent readers of the election returns to which we refer. Maine is conceded to be a Republican State, and the result cannot possibly have any significance from which the Blaine party can gather support or encouragement.

The New York *Herald*, of recent date, commenting upon the Maine election, says:

The returns from the Maine election indicate a Republican plurality of less than 13,000 for Governor Robie. This is about 4,000 less than the plurality of Mr. Hayes in 1876 and about 4,000 more than the plurality of General Garfield in 1880. It is also a gain of about 4,000 over Governor Robie's plurality in 1882. The vote in 1882 is the fair one for a comparison. But we observe that the Associated Press agents in Maine, in a ridiculous endeavor to get up a Blaine boom with the returns, compare them with the Governor's vote in 1880, when the Republicans lost the State for almost the only time in this generation. Their real gain is, as we have said, about 4,000 at the utmost. The figures of the press agents are a trick to exaggerate.

Mr. Blaine therefore appears to be 4,000 votes more popular in Maine than the late President Garfield, and 4,000 votes less popular than ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes. This is not a very hopeful showing for the Republican Presidential candidate in his own State. It does not show an overwhelming enthusiasm for a "favorite son." On the contrary, it shows that if the Democratic National Committee had chosen to contest this election, instead of letting it go by default, they might have done so with an excellent chance of success. Among such details as have reached us up to the time of going to press, the most important in the national significance are the carrying of great manufacturing cities, such as Biddeford and Lewiston, by the Democrats, which have heretofore cast substantial Republican majorities.

THE COTTON EXPOSITION.

Messrs. Editors: A meeting of the Assistants of the Commissioner of Agriculture, and others interested in the New Orleans Exposition, was held in Winnsboro Tuesday, the 9th inst., for the purpose of comparing notes as to what the different townships had done and could do towards placing the resources of Fairfield county in proper light before the people at the New Orleans Exposition.

Mr. G. H. McMaster was called to the chair, Mr. and C. E. Thomas was appointed secretary.

Township No. 1 reported some progress, some grain having been sent forward.

Township No. 2 reports the sending of some grain. Other things, such as soap-stone, wine, etc., can be secured.

Township No. 3 reports the existence of limestone rock and granite, and that grain could be procured.

Township No. 4 reports no progress, but that granite and soap-stone abound.

Township No. 5 makes no report, but red granite is known to exist.

Township No. 6 reports no progress, but can get wheat and magficite iron ore.

Township No. 8 reports no progress. A considerable quantity of whetstone rock is known to exist.

Township No. 9 reports no progress, but can get the finest granite, both building and monumental, known.

Township No. 10 makes no report. Blue granite is known to exist.

A motion was adopted that these minutes be published, and that the chairman issue a *live address* to the people of the county, urging them to take prompt and energetic action in seconding the efforts of the Commissioner, and at the same time place the county in its proper light before the people of the world, at the New Orleans Exposition. The chairman was also requested to call a meeting of all parties interested for salesday in October next.

C. E. THOMAS, Secretary.

LETTER FROM LYLES FORD.

Messrs. Editors: Now that the turmoil of our late campaign and the cordial shaking of hands and pleasant interviews with the dear mothers of our land, telling them they have the prettiest children upon the face of the year, and eating nearly all their chickens, we at last have the quiet we so much desire. Some of the candidates, no doubt, are disappointed. But this was to be expected. I am inclined to the opinion that those left at home will be as useful, or more so, to their families, to society and their country as those chosen to fill the offices of State and county. Yet we must have State, Federal and county officers, and I think those chosen as efficient as any one could elect.

We have had a long and fatal drought upon us. Cotton is opening fast, and some bolls will not mature. We cannot flatter ourselves with much over half a crop in our state of the woolly fleece, I think. Our early planted upland and bottom corn, not submerged by freshets, appears to be

an average. We have had a favorable season to mow our grasses and save our corn fodder, which will afford quite an auxiliary to winter provender. Farmers are driven to the dire necessity of economizing after two consecutive short crops.

No doubt but a wide area of land will be appropriated to small grain this fall. Barley and lucerne lots should also be sown, so as to mature early the ensuing year for horse and cow feed. With these helps our farmers, with economy, may be enabled to avoid suffering for want of food.

Messrs. Editors, gloomy as present aspects appear, our young ladies and gentlemen, with the view to cast off ennui, met in conclave at the residence of our genial host, Mr. A. L. E., on yesterday at an early hour for a picnic, which they enjoyed, in common parlance, *hugely*, with the exception of one of the young ladies, who, frightened at the stock which drew the vehicle running too fast, jumped from it and a sprain of the ankle was the sad result. We had fine music, and the dance was kept up till about four o'clock, p. m., when all dispersed for their various homes, apparently in fine fettle, the young ladies well pleased, no doubt, that some had made conquest of the hearts of their fine beaux, and others on the road to happiness. The young men also appeared to have met with no repulses on the part of their female admirers, as they all left in hearty glee. Such is the way of the world, as has been, no doubt, since the creation of man, and will continue, no doubt, until the last trump is sounded. So mote it be.

W. E.

35,000 Gallons Gone.

REFULDO, N. Y., September 11.—During a terrible thunder storm at Olean, last evening, a tank containing 35,000 gallons of oil, belonging to the National Transit Company, was struck by lightning.

Hot Weather in New York.

New York, September 11.—At 3 a. m. to-day the thermometer marked 76 degrees, at 6 a. m. 78 degrees, at 9 a. m. 77 degrees, and at 12 m. 84°. The slight fall from yesterday's temperature offered but little relief, and, although a light breeze sprang up this morning, the people still suffered severely from the effects of the heat. At the coroner's office, between the hours of 8 and 12 o'clock this morning, there were reported twenty-five sudden deaths, many of which are directly or indirectly due to the heat. The effect on business is depressing and a walk through the business portion of the city shows the marked influence the temperature has exercised. Among the cases of death from heat is that of policeman Brown, of the first precinct, who received a sunstroke on Tuesday and died last night.

From Macon.

In August, 1881, it was discovered that my son's wife was in the last stages of consumption. She was coughing incessantly and losing quantities of blood. She was unable to sleep or retain anything on her stomach, and we thought it only a question of time before she would give way to the fatal disease. After all other remedies had failed, we got Brewer's Lung Restorer and began its use. It was a great relief. She was very weak. She soon began to improve; continued the remedy and was restored to life and health, and is today better than she has ever been before. I regard her restoration as nearly a miracle, for which she is indebted to Brewer's Lung Restorer.

Brewer's Lung Restorer is a purely vegetable preparation, composed of opium, marsh-mallows, and other medicinal substances. Send for circular of long list of wonderful cures.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Macon, Ga.

W. B. BOWEN, Macon, Ga.

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A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "38 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 20, 1882.

"Gentlemen: My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the enclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years. But it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread and to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to send the enclosed letter to you, and to thank you for the benefit it has derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the Sarsaparilla in April last, and have made a regular habit of taking it since that time. It began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 72 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, that Ayer's Sarsaparilla, of Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882.

Yours gratefully, HIRSH PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Itchings, Sores, Bolls, Tumors, and eruptions of the skin. It cleans the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; 25¢ per bottle for 50¢.

OUT OF THE JAWS OF DEATH.

The gentleman who outlines his case below is a man considerably advanced in years, and he is now enjoying perfect health. His postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. The following is

MR. JOHN PEARSON'S STATEMENT.

In the spring of 1882 I was attacked with a very bad cough, which continued for some time, and when I got so weak that I could not get about. I tried a great many kinds of medicine but continued to grow worse. I was notified that I had consumption and would probably die. Dr. Holloway finally told me to try Brewer's Lung Restorer. They sent to Ward's Store and I bought a bottle and commenced taking it right away. After taking two or three doses, I began to improve, and by the time I had used one bottle I was able to get on my feet again. I am now in excellent health. I am confident that the Lung Restorer saved my life and my neighbors are of the same opinion. It is the best Lung Remedy ever made in my opinion. Dr. H. promised me that he would write to the manufacturers and tell them of the wonderful cure it made in my case.

Statement of Mr. Benj. F. Hearnond.

Early in November, 1881, while sewing on the machine, my wife was taken with a severe pain in her side, which was soon followed by hemorrhages from her lungs and a severe cough. Fever commenced, she could neither eat nor sleep, and in a few weeks she was reduced to a living skeleton. The attending physician told me that she might one of her lungs was entirely gone. I had used up one bottle of the Lung Restorer, and I continued the medicine regularly, and by the time she had taken two bottles, she was able to walk about the house. She is now in better health than she has enjoyed for several years. I believe that Lung Restorer saved her life. We have a family of six children, some of them grown.

Mr. Hearnond's postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. He is a thoroughly reliable man in every particular.

FOR SALE.

HOME-MADE.

White Oak Standard

WAGONS.

ALSO IN STORE:

SADDLES, BRIDLES,

HARNESS,

BACON, MEAL,

CORN,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

SHOES,

INDUCEMENTS FOR CASH.

ULYSSE G. DESPORTES.

Fruit and Vegetable CANS—Quarts at 75 cents per dozen. Cement for sealing them at 8 cents per pound.

J. H. CUMMINGS.

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY

NEW SHORT LINE VIA

Atlanta, Ga., and Birmingham, Ala.

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HURLEY BLOCK, 109 MEETING ST., CHARLESTON, S. C.

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Brushes, Varnish, Glass, Putty, Colors, Glue, &c.

A. L. VIN R. THOMLINSON, (Factory in Charleston.)

MANUFACTURER OF SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, &c.

DEALER IN SADDLERY, HARDWARE, LEATHER, &c., &c.

Importer of English Bits, Stirrups, &c.

137 MEETING STREET, CHARLESTON, S. C.

HENRY STEITZ,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUIT,

Apples, Oranges, Bananas, Cocoanuts, Lemons, Pineapples, Potatoes, Onions, Peanuts, Cabbages, &c.

S. E. COR. MEETING & MARKET STREETS, CHARLESTON, S. C.

CHARLES C. LESLIE,

Wholesale and Retail Commission Dealer

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME AND POULTRY

Stalls Nos. 1 and 2 Fish Market.

Office No. 7 Market St., East of East Bay

Consignments of Country Produce are respectfully solicited. Poultry, Eggs, &c. Deliverable Goods at once shipped after delivery to Southern Express Co.

F. BROTHERHOOD & CO.,

IRON MERCHANTS.

DEALERS IN MACHINERY AND SUPPLIES.

AGENTS FOR

'MAID OF THE SOUTH CORN MILL,'

No. 165 MEETING ST., CHARLESTON, S. C.

Try our 50 cents Machine Oil—the best in the market.

LAGER BEER

FROM THE CLAUSSEN BREWING CO.,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Have now a Standard Beer superior to others, put up in kegs, patent stopper bottles, and bottles in barrels for export, to keep a long time. Empty beer bottles bought. Agent in Columbia, Mr. Julius Krentel.

CLEMENS CLACIUS,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, TOCOCO,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

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